



**BANCA**

**S I S T E M A**

**9M 2023 RESULTS**

10 November 2023

# 9M 2023 Results at a Glance

## Commercial performance

- **Factoring** turnover +13% y/y equal to €3,575m
- **CQ** outstanding at €834m, -13% y/y
- **Pawn loans** outstanding at €117m, +13% y/y
- **SMEs State guaranteed loans** outstanding equal to €247m, +36% y/y

## P&L

- **Net Interest Income** equal to €50.2m, **down y/y**
- **Funding cost increased to 2.7% from 2.4% in 2Q23 and 0.2% in 3Q22**
- **Total Income** equal to €71.3m, -11.9% y/y
- **Lower Cost of risk y/y at 18bps**
- **Total operating costs equal to €50,1m**, up y/y at a lower pace vs 1H23
- **Net income equal to €11.3m**

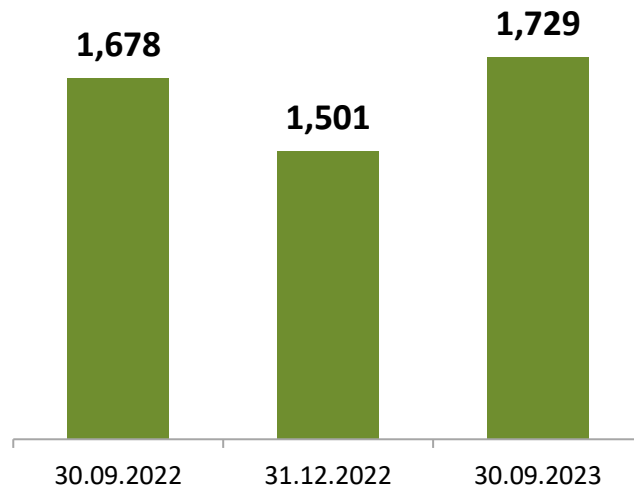
## Balance Sheet

- **Wholesale funding component further down q/q** (34% of Total Funds)
- Total assets equal to ~€4.4bn, -5.2% q/q, flat YTD
- **Reduction of the HTC Govies' ptf by ~ 150m to €509m**
- CET1 ratio at 12.3% and TC ratio at 15.4%, **ex. HTCS reserve respectively 13.6% and 16.7%**

# Factoring commercial performance

## Factoring – Loans Outstanding

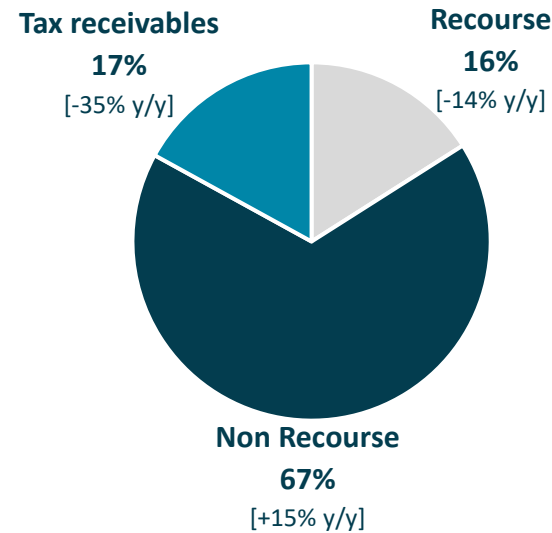
€m



## Outstanding breakdown (30.09.2023)

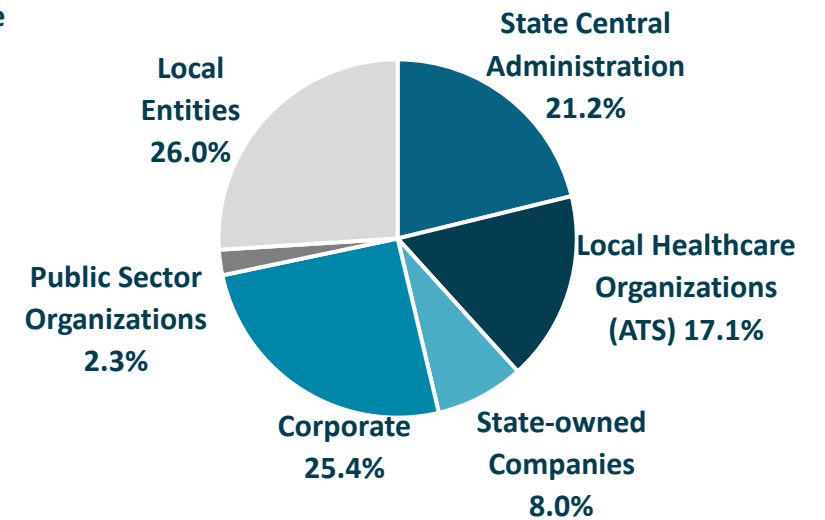
€1,796m

### By Type of Product



### By Obligor

PA accounts for 75%

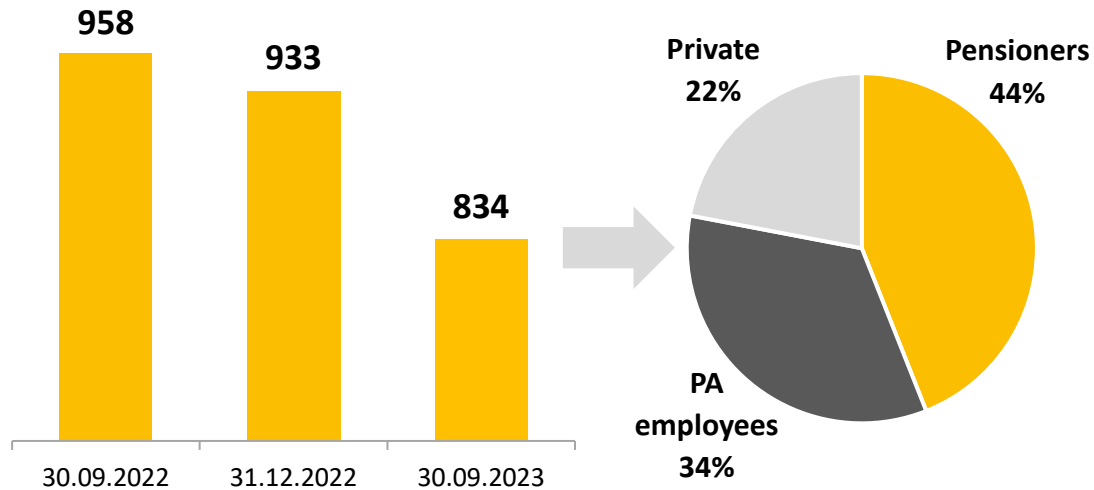


Note: Factoring outstanding management account. Factoring customer loans, item of the Balance Sheet (slide 5) differ from management account for the following elements: Recourse factoring non-financed portion; Provisions; LPI; deferred income.

# CQ and Pawn loans commercial performance

## CQ loans outstanding

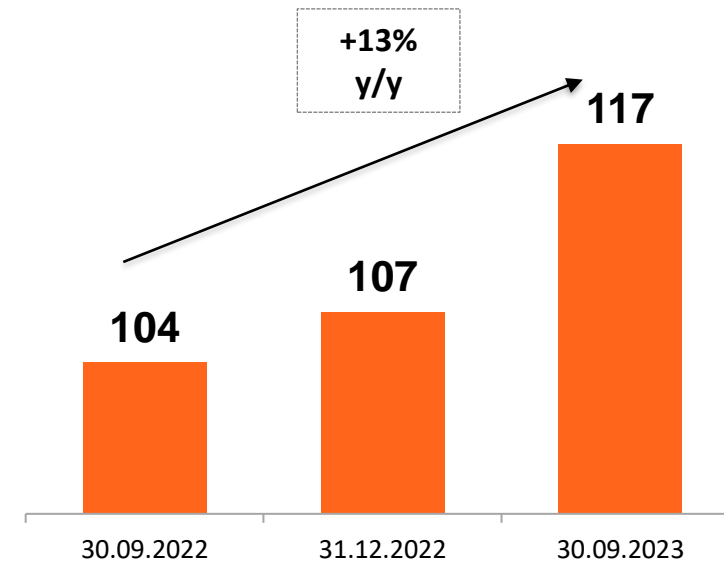
€m



- €132m turnover in 9M23 (€273m in 9M22)

## Pawn Loans outstanding

€m



- ~68k contracts
- Total turnover in 9M23 (including renewals): €117.1m (€103.5m in 9M22)
- #30 auctions in 9M23, with >95% of the offers through the APP, DigitalPegno

Figures in millions of Euro

	31.12.2022	30.06.2023	30.09.2023	Change in % 30.09.2023 vs 31.12.2022
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	127	171	155	22%
Financial assets at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income [ <b>Held to Collect and Sell</b> ]	558	563	580	4%
<b>Loans at amortized cost</b>	<b>2,850</b>	<b>3,068</b>	<b>2,977</b>	<b>4%</b>
<b>Factoring</b>	<b>1,501</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>1,729</b>	<b>15%</b>
<b>CQ</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>834</b>	<b>-11%</b>
<b>Pawn loans</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>9%</b>
SMEs State Guaranteed loans	197	249	247	25%
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	112	51	50	-55%
Securities at amortized cost [ <b>Held to Collect</b> ]	681	651	502	-26%
Tangible and Intangible assets	78	75	76	-3%
Goodwill	34	34	34	0%
Equity investments	1	1	1	-2%
Other assets <sup>(2)</sup>	103	111	105	2%
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>4,397</b>	<b>4,640</b>	<b>4,396</b>	<b>0.0%</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
<b>Due to banks</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>942</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>-9%</b>
of which ECB exposure	538	545	550	2%
<b>Due to customers</b>	<b>3,056</b>	<b>3,017</b>	<b>3,202</b>	<b>5%</b>
of which term deposits	1,432	1,819	2,124	48%
of which current accounts	639	488	406	-36%
Debt securities issued	238	175	130	-45%
Other liabilities	224	246	230	3%
<b>Shareholders Equity</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>4%</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>4,397</b>	<b>4,640</b>	<b>4,396</b>	<b>0.0%</b>

## 9M23 – Balance Sheet

- **Govies’ portfolio (nominal value equal to €1,109m) slightly down q/q**, with an average duration of 14,4 months (15,3 months as at 30.06.2023), exclusively Italian Government bonds:
  - €600m ‘Held to Collect and Sell’, slightly up q/q, with an average duration of 18 months
  - €509m ‘Held to Collect’, down q/q, with an average duration of 10,9 months
- **Loans at amortized cost down q/q (€2,977m):**
  - **Factoring receivables** at €1,729m down q/q
  - **CQ loans** at €834m down q/q
  - **Pawn Loans up** thanks to organic growth
- **Due to customers q/q increase (+5%)** is driven by the increase of term deposits, that more than compensated the decrease of Repos and current accounts
- **Debt securities q/q decrease** is driven by lower structured funding

Note: (1) The item include “Loans to banks” respectively as at 31.12.2022, 30.06.2023 and 30.09.2023 equal respectively to €35m, to €1m and to €20m. (2) Tax credits for ‘superbonuses’ €55m, €49.1m and €49.9m respectively as at 31.12.2022, 30.06.2023 and 30.09.2023.

- 9M23 Interest Income up 73% y/y (up q/q), with a higher contribution from factoring (+€27m y/y)

- Higher contribution y/y by factoring, mainly due to higher factoring LPIs from legal action equal to €26.7m (€11.3m in 2022):

- of which accrual €21.8m (€7.4m in 2022), deriving, among the others, from €4.2m for the update of the reference rate up from 8% to 10.5% (from 1.1.2023), following ECB rate increases (and 12% from 1.7.2023 to 31.12.2023) and €1.9m from the accrual of the “€40 per invoice” compensation claims

- of which “extra collection” €4.9m (€3.9m in 2022)

- Increasing Pawn loans contribution (+43% y/y)

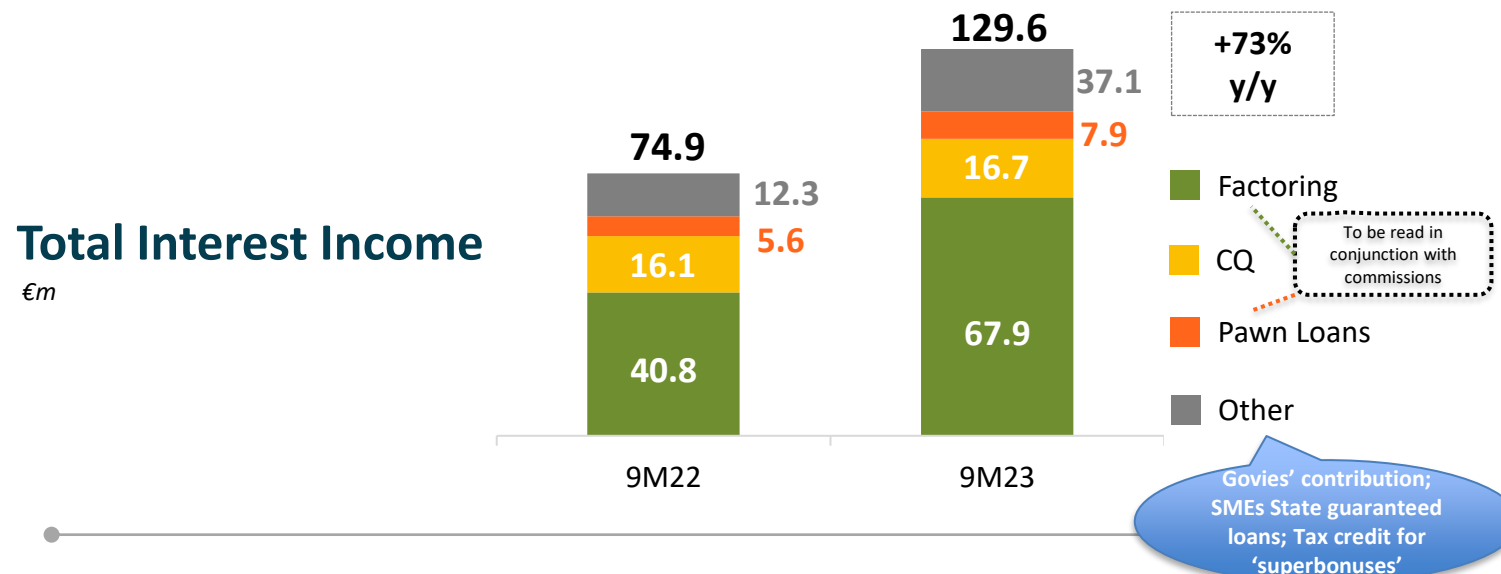
- Slight increase from CQ business (+3.7% y/y)

- €37.1m of “Other” interest income in 9M23 include:

- €20.4m from Govies’ ptf (€2.0m in 9M22)
- €10.8m from SMEs State guaranteed loans (€4.8m in 9M22)

- Total Adjusted Income margin up y/y and expected to grow further over the next quarters

## Well diversified Interest income



	9M22	9M23
<b>Total<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>4.0%</b> €85.5m	<b>5.7%</b> €125.8m
<b>Factoring</b>	<b>4.3%</b> €51.8m	<b>6.3%</b> €78.5m
<b>CQ</b>	<b>2.3%</b> €16.1m	<b>2.8%</b> €18.4m
<b>Pawn Loans</b>	<b>15.9%</b> €11.5m	<b>19.2%</b> €16.1m

**Adjusted Income margin<sup>1</sup>**

4.6% FY22

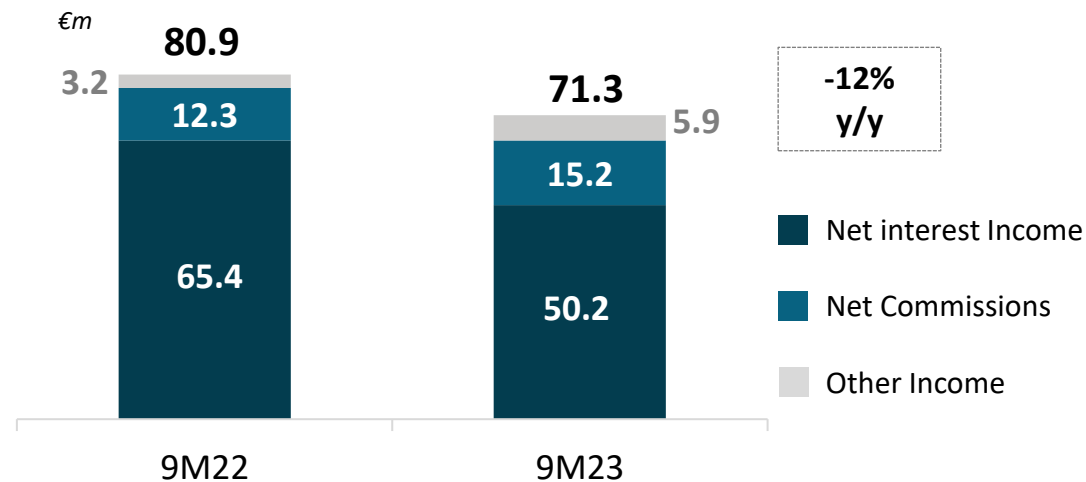
Note: (1) Calculated as [Period Interest Income + Commission Income + Gain for asset disposals] / [Average net customer loans at the end of the period] - excluding the contribution from securities portfolio, PPA, credit due from banks and Repo (Balance Sheet and Financial Statement figures); (2) It include the contribution of tax credit 'superbonuses' equal to €2.0m and €1.1m respectively in 9M23 and 9M22.

# Total Income lower y/y

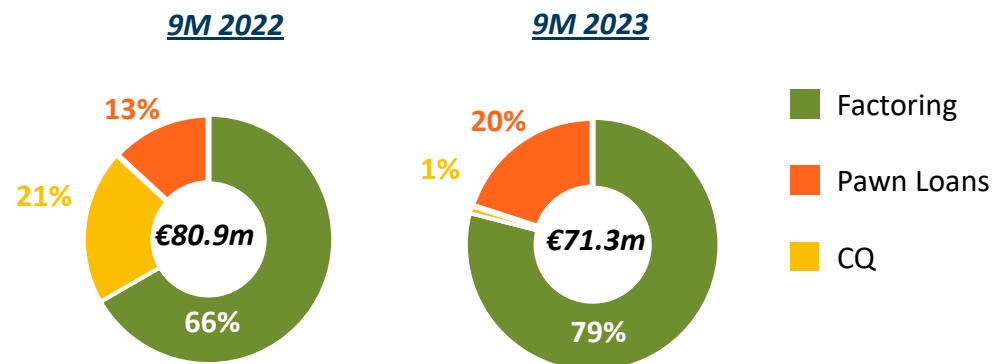
- **9M23 Total Income down 12% y/y**, due to lower **Net Interest Margin** (-23% y/y) partially compensated by higher fees (+24% y/y) and positive contribution from financial portfolio disposal
- **NII decrease y/y** is driven by higher Interest Expenses (+€70m y/y), following an increase of the funding cost which was equal to 2.7% in 9M23, 2.4% in 1H23 and 2% in 1Q23 (0.2% in 9M22)
- **Net Commissions up y/y (+24%)** due to Pawn loan business and impact on CQ commission expenses in 2Q22 (change in rappel calculation based on amortised cost)
- **Other Income up y/y**, thanks to higher gains on Treasury portfolio while gains from sale of CQ and factory ptf were pretty similar y/y
- **Negative CQ asset contribution**, due to majority of the loan portfolio running at fixed rates set prior to the change of the ECB monetary policy



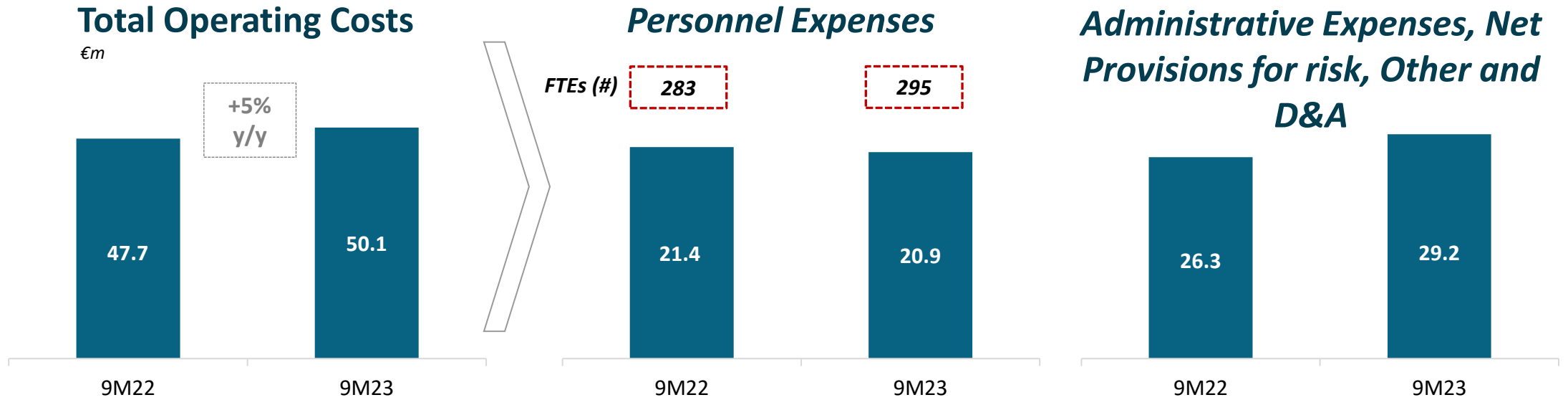
## Total Income



## Total Income by Division

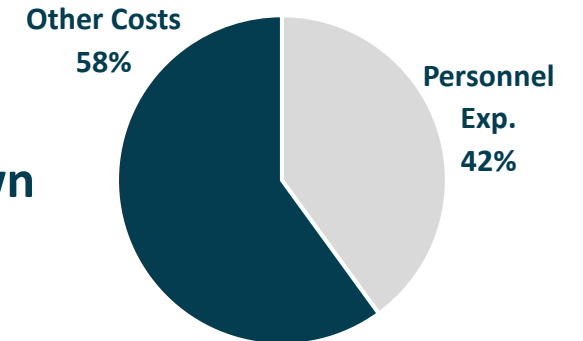


# Cost Base Growing at a Lower Pace



- Personnel expenses -2.7% y/y (mainly due to lower accrual of variable compensation)
- All other expenses are up by +11.5% y/y, mainly due to higher IT, credit related (i.e. origination, collections) and legal costs

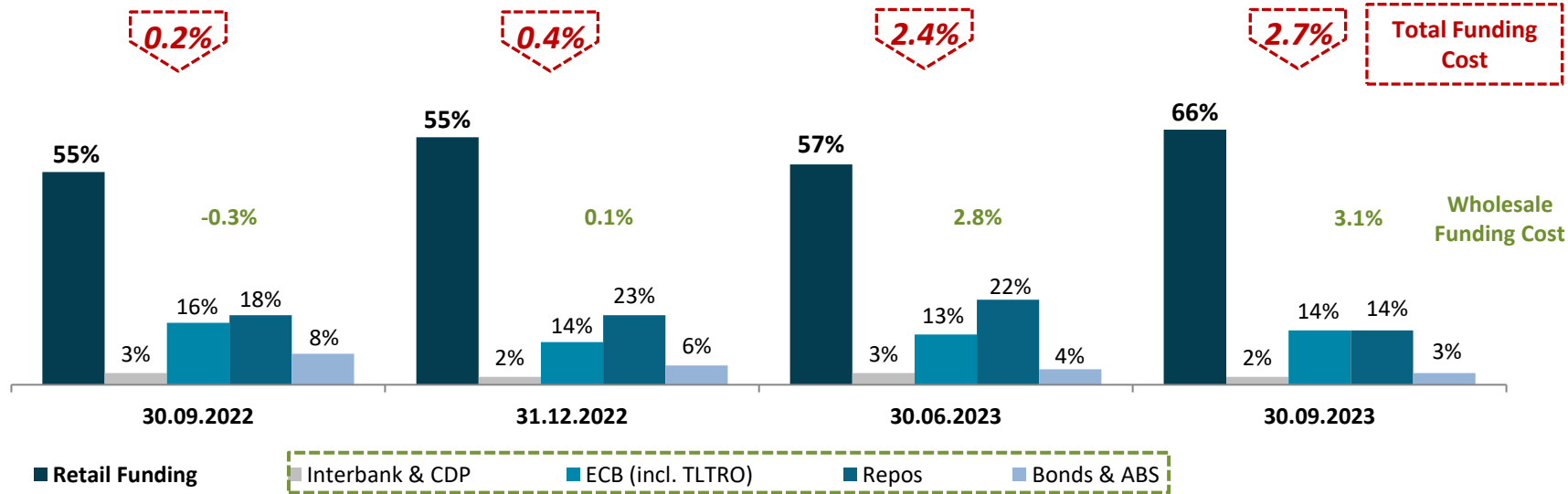
## Total Operating Costs Breakdown





# Higher funding cost y/y

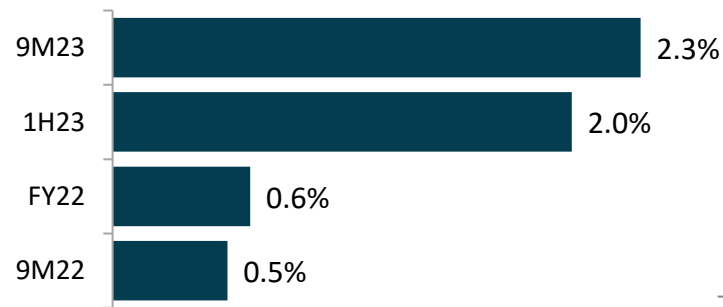
## Total Funding breakdown



- Cost of funding up y/y and q/q and still expected to increase in the coming quarters but the bank has confirmed a further more comfortable position in terms of liquidity thanks to extra funding done in the last 2 quarters (LCR well above minimum regulatory threshold)

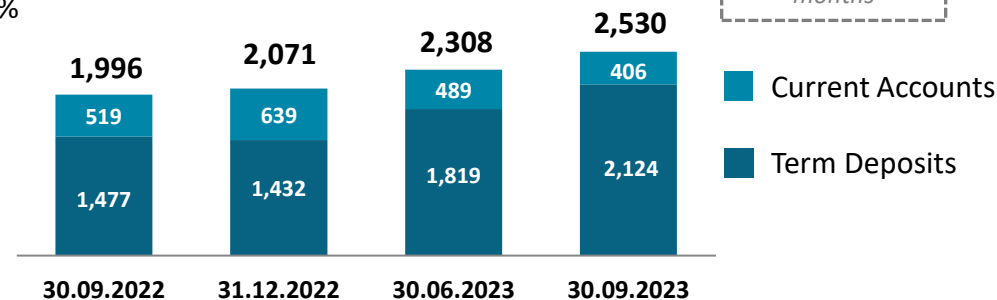
- Retail funding increase quarter by quarter was due to the positive inflows of term deposits; residual maturity of deposits increased from c.12 months to c.14 months

## Retail Funding Cost



## Retail Funding

€m



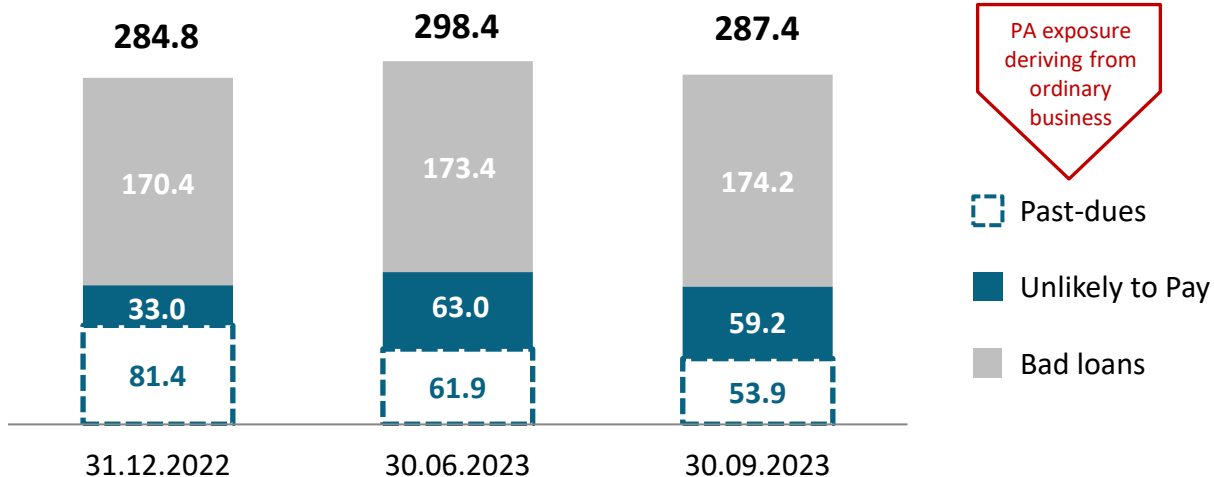
- Current accounts decrease q/q was driven by commercial actions to reduce exposure to more expensive funding linked to corporates

- Wholesale component decrease q/q is due mainly to much lower Interbanking exposure and lower Repos related to Govies' ptf slight decrease

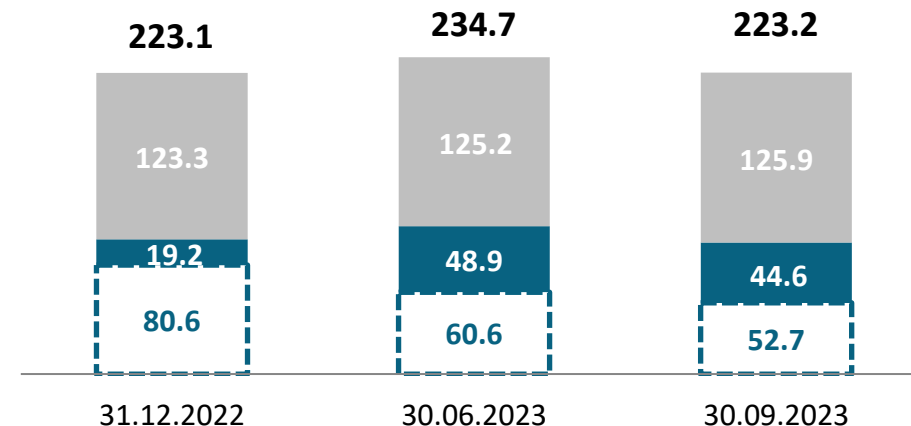
# Asset Quality driven by factoring business

## Gross Non Performing Exposures

€m

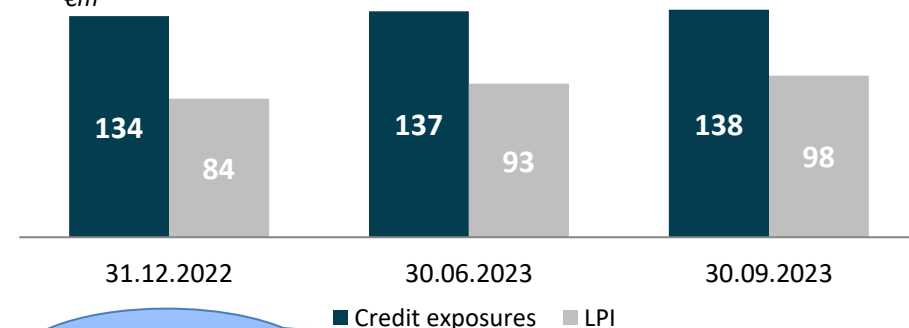


## Net Non Performing Exposures



## Exposure to Municipality in Conservatorship & related LPI stock

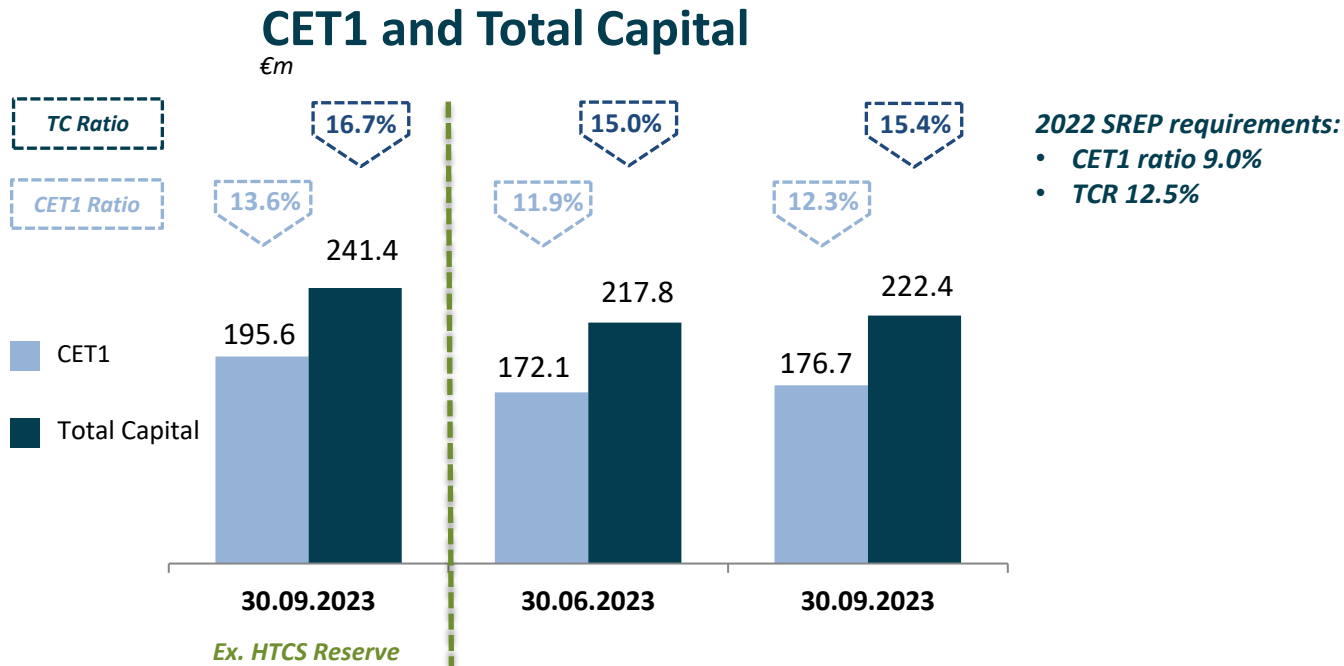
€m



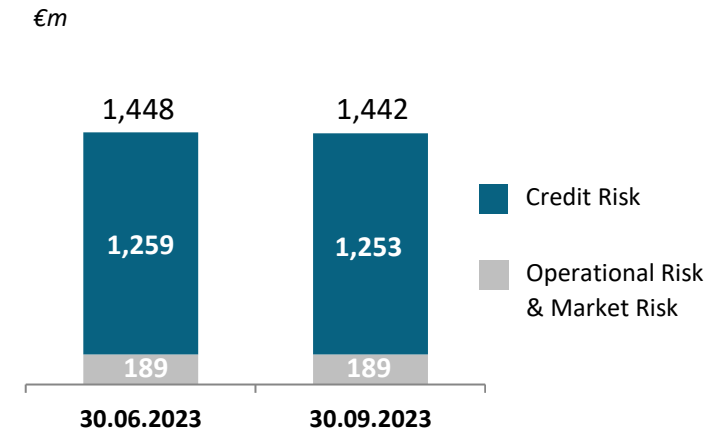
Classified as bad loans

- Cost of credit risk stands at 18bps in 9M23 (28bps in 9M22)
- Gross and Net Non Performing Exposures down q/q mainly due to lower UtP and Past due loans
- UtP decrease was due to partial repayment of single position, Past due amounts are linked to non recourse factoring portfolio towards PA and represents physiological fact of the sector, which continues not to represent particular critical issues in terms credit quality and probability of recovery
- **NPE's coverage ratio increased by +100bps q/q to 22.3%** (from 21.3% in 2Q23) or equivalent to **32.7% net of Municipality in conservatorship** (NPL's coverage at **91.1% net of Municipality in conservatorship**)

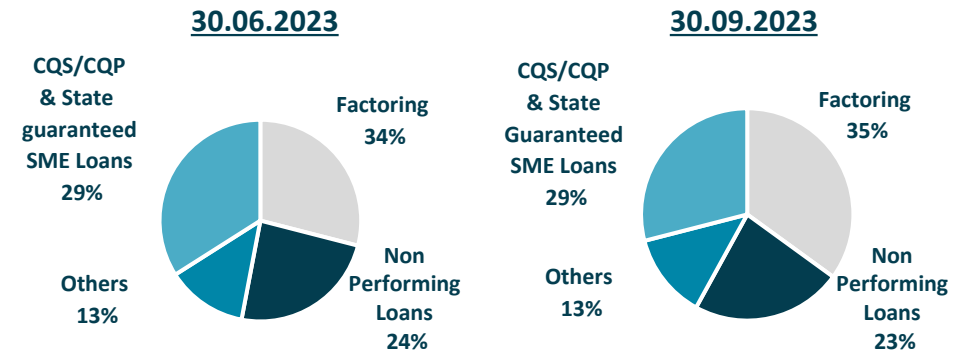
# Regulatory Capital above minimum requirements



## RWA breakdown



## RWA – Credit Risk



Among the various changes that are part of a package of reforms to Basel III regulations, the neutralization of all or part of the "HTCS reserve" on Govies' ptf was approved at a European Trilogue meeting. This change will come into effect with publication in the Official Journal. Assuming a full neutralization of the "HTCS reserve" on government securities as at 30.9.2023, capital ratios would stand as above

Fully Loaded - CET1 and Total Capital as at 30.09.2023 include -€19.1m 'Held to Collect and Sell' reserve from Govies' ptf

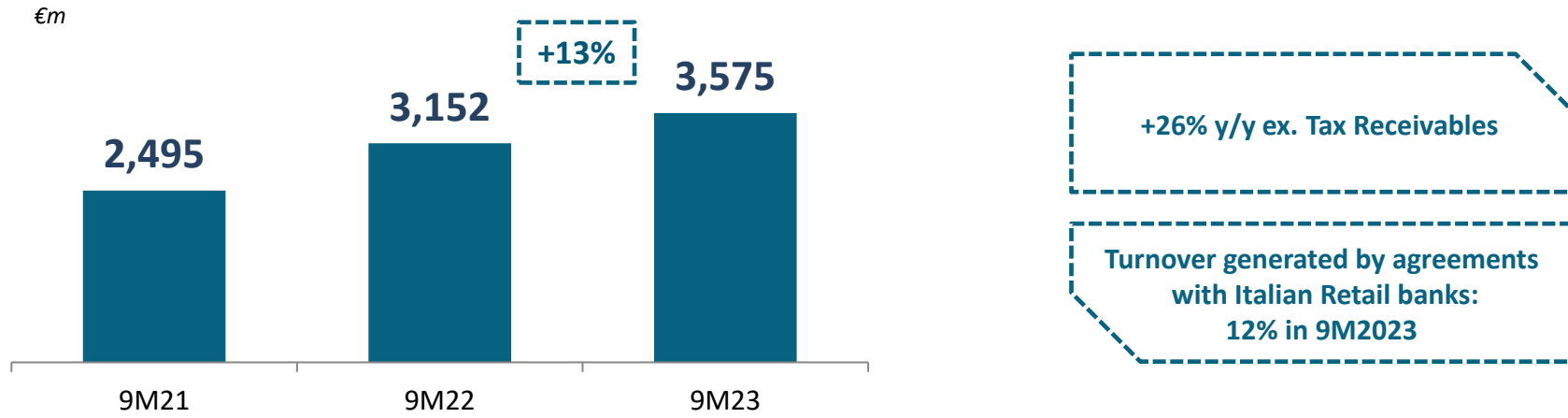
Q/Q credit RWA slight improvement is driven by factoring business (mainly by lower exposure to local entities and State Central Administration while exposures to Corporates pretty stable) and slightly lower CQ loans

## Annexes

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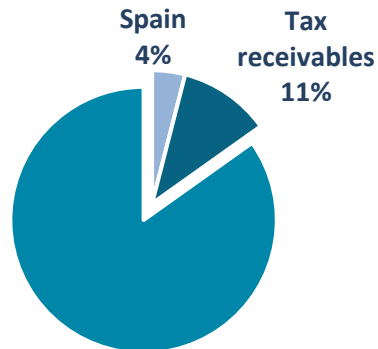
# Factoring Turnover

## Factoring Turnover

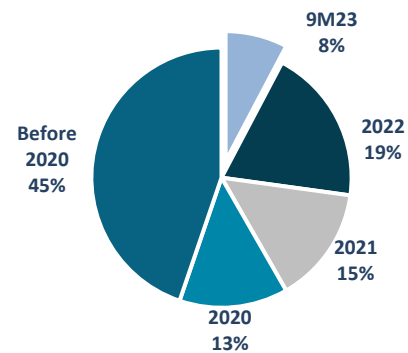


## 9M23 Factoring Turnover breakdown

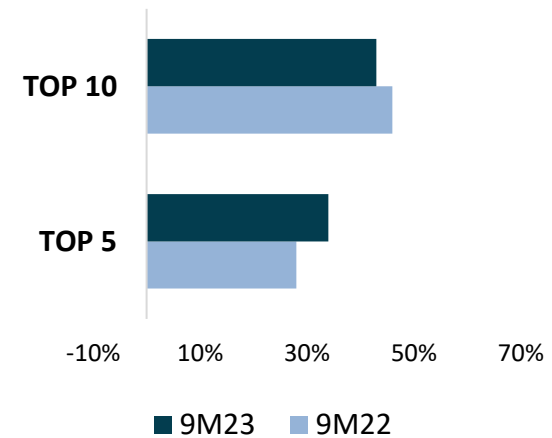
By Type



By Year of Customer's Acquisition



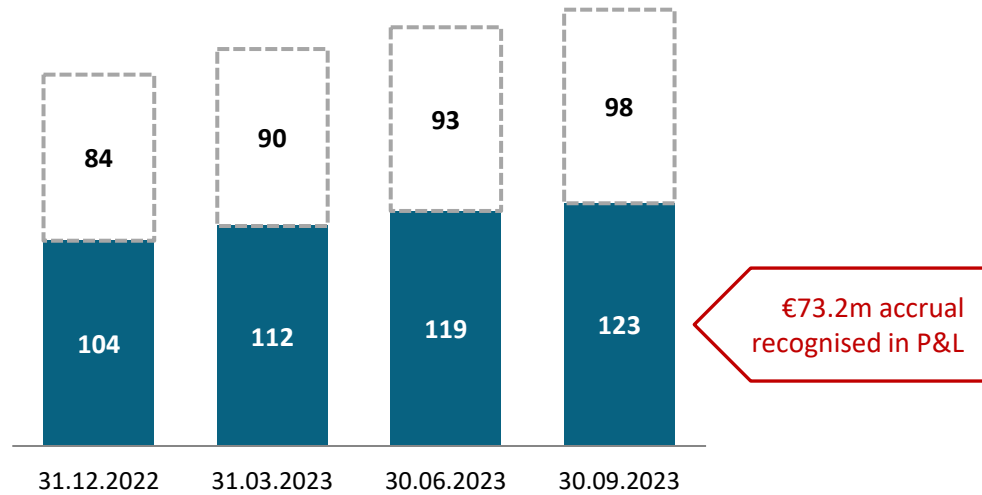
Customer Concentration



# Late Payment Interest

## Due LPI Stock – Assets in legal action

€m

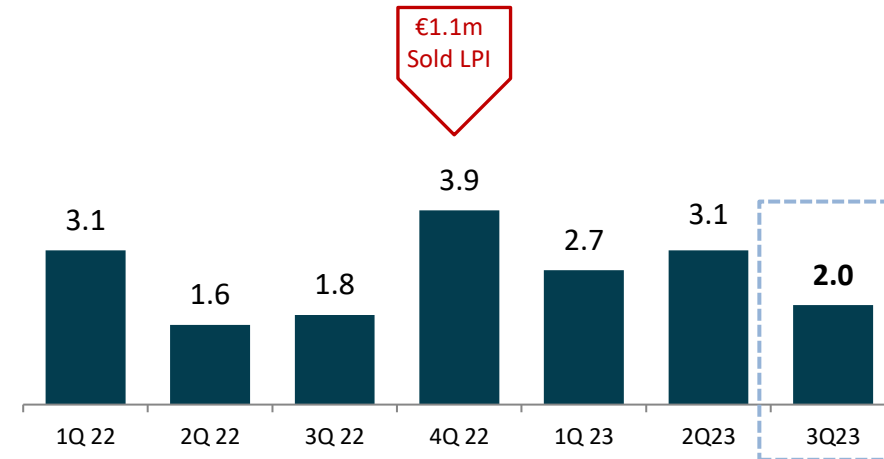


□ LPI - non relevant for the accrual

■ LPI - relevant for the accrual

## Total collected cashed-in LPI

€m



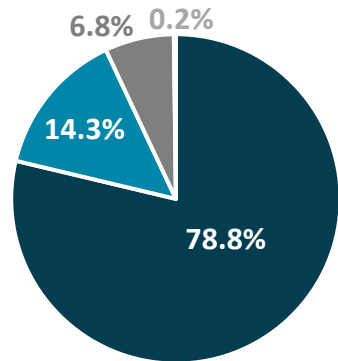
# 9M23 – Income Statement

Figures in millions of Euro

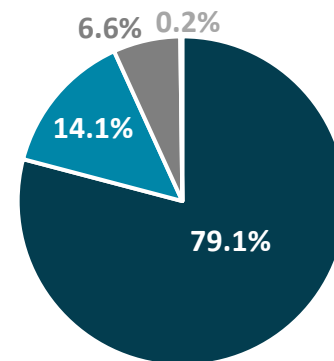
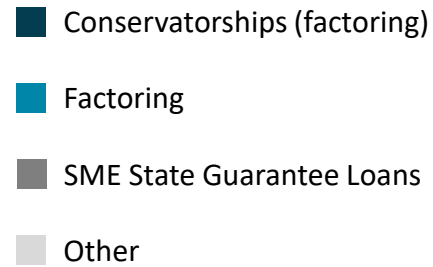
	9M 2022	1Q 2022	2Q 2022	3Q 2022	9M 2023	1Q 2023	2Q 2023	3Q 2023	9M 23 vs 9M 22 change in %
Interest income	74.9	23.6	27.0	24.3	129.6	40.1	43.3	46.2	73%
Interest expenses	(9.4)	(2.9)	(3.0)	(3.5)	(79.4)	(19.5)	(28.0)	(31.9)	nm
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>65.5</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>20.9</b>	<b>50.2</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>-23%</b>
Commission income	23.9	7.5	8.2	8.2	26.9	7.7	9.2	10.0	13%
Commission expenses	(11.6)	(3.8)	(5.0)	(2.8)	(11.7)	(3.1)	(3.7)	(4.9)	1%
<b>Net commission</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>24%</b>
Dividends and similar income	0.2	-	0.2	(0.0)	0.2	-	0.2	(0.0)	nm
Net income from trading	(1.5)	-	(1.2)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)	0.3	(0.1)	-93%
Net income from disposal/repurchase assets:	4.5	0.3	3.8	0.4	5.9	0.3	3.0	2.6	31%
a) measured at amortised cost	3.4	0.3	2.7	0.3	5.1	0.2	1.8	3.1	50%
b) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1.1	-	1.1	-	0.8	0.1	0.4	0.3	-26%
c) financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	(0.8)	nm
<b>Total income</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>26.1</b>	<b>71.3</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>-12%</b>
Net impairment losses on loans	(6.3)	(2.3)	(2.7)	(1.2)	(3.6)	(1.0)	(1.8)	(0.8)	-43%
<b>Net operating income</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>67.7</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>-9.4%</b>
Personnel expenses	(21.4)	(6.6)	(7.7)	(7.1)	(20.9)	(7.5)	(7.2)	(6.2)	-2%
Other expenses	(26.3)	(9.1)	(7.9)	(9.3)	(29.2)	(10.9)	(9.3)	(9.0)	11%
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>(47.7)</b>	<b>(15.7)</b>	<b>(15.7)</b>	<b>(16.4)</b>	<b>(50.1)</b>	<b>(18.4)</b>	<b>(16.6)</b>	<b>(15.1)</b>	<b>5%</b>
Profits from equity investments	(0.1)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.0)	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.01	-86%
<b>Pre-tax profit from continuing operations</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>-35%</b>
Taxes on income for the period/year from continuing operations	(8.7)	(2.1)	(3.7)	(2.9)	(5.7)	(2.0)	(1.9)	(1.7)	-35%
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-100%
<b>Profit (loss) for the year/period</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>-35%</b>
Minority interests	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.6)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)	66%
<b>Profit (loss) for the year/period attributable to the shareholders of the Parent</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>-36%</b>

# Asset Quality

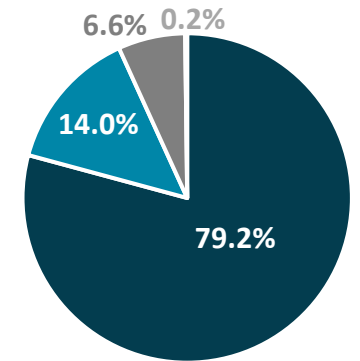
## Gross Bad loans



31.12.2022

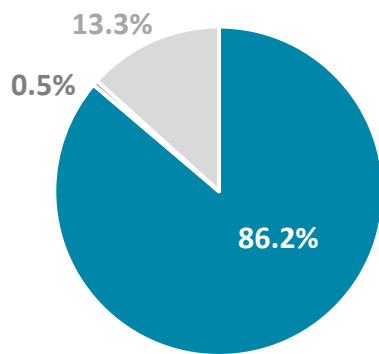


30.06.2023

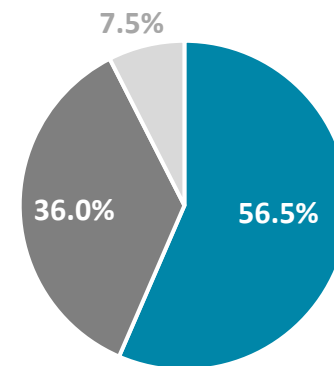


30.09.2023

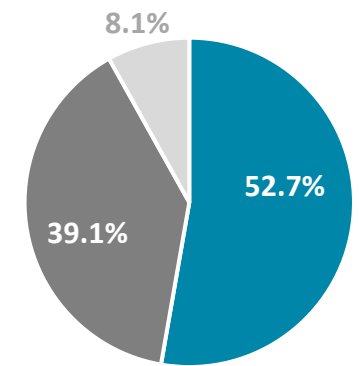
## Gross Unlikely to Pay



31.12.2022



30.06.2023



30.09.2023



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